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- 2. There will be issued with each permit a set of regulations bearing the same number as the permit. These regulations must be complied with while any of the above-mentioned fowls are being kept.
- 3. A violation of these regulations may be sufficient cause for the revocation of a permit and the prosecution of the offender.
- 4. No permit from the department of health for the keeping of live chickens, geese, ducks, or other fowls is necessary in unimproved sections of the city used for farming purposes.
- 5. The keeping of live chickens, geese, ducks, or other fowls for domestic purposes shall be allowed in the city of New York under the following conditions:
- (a) Provided, That a permit therefor, issued in accordance with the regulations of the department of health, be obtained from the said department, and Provided also, That the conditions imposed in such permit be fully met.
  - (b) No fowls shall be kept on the same lot with a tenement house.
- (c) No application to keep fowls on the same lot with a building other than a tenement shall be accepted unless the applicant file with his application the written consent of the other tenant or tenants of said building.
- (d) All chickens (or other fowls) shall be confined to proper coops and runways, and shall not be allowed at large.
  - (e) No roosters shall be kept.
- (f) All coops shall be whitewashed or otherwise treated as approved by the department of health at least once a year, and at such other times as may be directed by the department of health, and all coops, runways, and surroundings shall be kept in a clean condition.
- (g) If chickens (or other fowls) are to be kept on a vacant lot, the written consent of the owner of said lot, or evidence of ownership thereof by the applicant, shall be produced at the time of the presentation of the application.
  - (h) Chickens (or other fowls) shall be kept so as not to cause a nuisance.
- (i) A permit to keep chickens, geese, ducks, or other fowls for domestic use shall not include the right to slaughter.
- (j) No such permit for the keeping of chickens (or other fowls) shall be granted when the said chickens (or other fowls) or the coops or runways in which they are kept, measured in the most direct line, are within 25 feet of any inhabited building (other than the dwelling of the applicant if said chickens or other fowls are to be maintained on the same lot with the dwelling of said applicant or on an adjoining lot).

#### Cellar Stables—Construction and Maintenance. (Reg. Bd. of H., Mar. 31, 1914.)

Sec. 76. No cellar in the city of New York shall be occupied as a stable for horses, cattle, or other animals without a permit from the board of health.

Resolved, That the following rules and regulations relating to cellar stables in the city of New York be, and the same are hereby, adopted, to become effective May 1, 1914:

- 1. Every cellar stable must be adequately lighted.
- 2. Every cellar stable must be adequately ventilated.
- 3. The drains of every cellar stable must be properly connected with public sewer where practicable.

Exception: If there is no public sewer, drains of cellar stable must be properly connected with approved tight cesspool located outside the building.

4. Every cellar stable must be provided with a proper water supply, and all water-supplied fixtures must be properly trapped and sewer connected.

- 5. After May 1, 1914, the ceiling of every cellar stable for which the first application for a permit is made shall not be less than 8 feet from the floor.
  - 6. There shall be not less than 800 cubic feet of air space for each horse.
  - 7. Floors must be of concrete or other approved nonabsorbent material.
- 8. Floors of horse stalls must be of concrete or other approved nonabsorbent material, graded to a properly graded, trapped, and sewer-connected valley drain. All racks provided shall be removable.
- 9. Walls, ceilings, exposed woodwork, floors, horse stalls, and valley drains of cellar stables must be maintained in a clean condition at all times, and the whitewashed portions are to be rewhitewashed when necessary.
  - 10. Every cellar stable must be maintained so as not to cause a nuisance.
- 11. No manure vault shall be allowed upon the premises. The loading of manure for removal must be done inside of stable without causing a nuisance.

### Waste, Soil, and Vent Pipes—Extension Above Roof Required. (Reg. Bd. of H., Mar. 31, 1914.)

Resolved, That section 30 of the Sanitary Code be, and is hereby, repealed. Be it further

Resolved, That section 36 of the Sanitary Code be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 36. All waste, soil, and vent pipes in any building in the city of New York shall extend above the roof thereof to a height of at least 2 feet, and that portion of the pipe extending above the roof shall be of an increased diameter. All such pipes shall be so constructed and located that they shall not contribute to the creation of a nuisance.

# Water Tanks on Buildings to be Cleaned, Screened, and Ventilated. (Reg. Bd. of H., Apr. 21, 1914.)

Resolved, That section 62a of the Sanitary Code be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 62a. Every tank for holding water located on the roof or external part of a building shall be kept covered with a tight-fitting cover, or with an extra fine mesh screen to prevent the access of mosquitoes to the water therein; and every such tank shall be ventilated. Every tank from which water is furnished for drinking and domestic purposes shall be emptied and the inside thoroughly cleaned at least once a year and at such other times as may be directed by the sanitary superintendent or an assistant sanitary superintendent of the department of health.

## Bathing Beaches and Bathhouses—Location—Sanitary Regulation. (Reg. Bd. of H., Apr. 21, 1914.)

- 1. No bathing beach shall be maintained within 500 feet of the point of discharge or outlet of any sewer which would contribute in any way to the pollution of the waters used by bathers.
- 2. An adequate supply of pure drinking water must be provided for patrage. Water from wells in the borough of Manhattan shall not be used for drinking. Water from wells in the other boroughs, other than the public water supply, shall not be used without a permit from the board of health.
- 3. Life lines and danger signs must be provided in accordance with the provisions of section 26 of the Sanitary Code.